The AEIOU of mediating family disputes...

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The A.E.I.O.Us

A APPROACH
E ENVIRONMENT
I INDIVIDUAL
O OUTCOME
U UPCOME

A - Approach

Facilitative

Transformative

Evaluative (Solutional)

Approach – Facilitative

- Ask the relevant questions
- Validates or justifies the parties' points of view
- Assists the parties in finding and analysing options for resolution
- Does not make recommendations to the parties, give his or her own advice or opinion as to the outcome of the case, or predict what a court would do in the case.
- Mediator in charge of the process but Parties in charge of the outcome.

Approach - Transformative

Relatively new concept

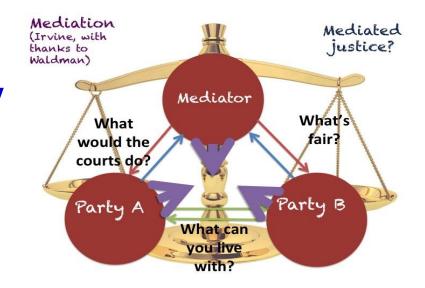
It is a 'repackaging' of the facilitative approach

 Parties are in charge of the process and outcome

Approach - Evaluative

Point out the weaknesses of their cases

- Predict what a judge would be likely to do
- Make recommendations to the parties as to the outcome of the issues.



 Mediator in charge of the process and outcome

Approach - Solution

Understand the issues

Evaluate

- Have a solution in mind
 - Re-strategise
 - New solutions

Approach - Know your law and procedure...

- Law Reform (Marriage & Divorce) Act 1976
- Guardianship of Infants Act 1961
- Adoption Act 1952
- Registration of Adoptions Act 1952
- Legitimacy Act 1961
- Married Women Act 1957
- Married Women and Children (Maintenance) Act 1950
- Married Women and Children (Enforcement of Maintenance) Act 1950
- Contracts Act 1950
- Federal Constitution

- Rules of Court 2012
- Courts of Judicature Act 1964
- Divorce and Matrimonial Proceedings Rules 1980
- Evidence Act 1950
- Evidence of Child Witnesses Act 2007

Approach — Knowing what to do, how to do it, and whom to deal with

- Maintenance
 - Cause of breakdown
 - Means and needs

Damages against third party for adultery

- Division of Asset/ other properties
- Children
 - Maintenance
 - Custody, care, control

Section 58 of the LRA -

Damages for adultery may be claimed against co-respondent

- (1) On a petition for divorce in which adultery is alleged, or in the answer of a party to the marriage praying for divorce and alleging adultery, the party shall make the alleged adulterer or adulteress a corespondent, unless excused by the court on special grounds from doing so.
- (2) A petition under subsection (1) may include a prayer that the co-respondent be condemned in damages in respect of the alleged adultery.

Approach - Evaluative

Saves time

Instill confidence

Light at the end of the tunnel

Legally compliant

E – Environment

- Suitable environment
 - Calming
 - Pacifying
- Lighting
- Temperature
- Nourishment

Judge's chambers

Judge's lounge

Children's room

Judge's Chambers



Judge's Chambers



Judge's Chambers













Children's Room



Children's Room



Children's Room



I – Individuals

Parties

Solicitors

Third party (alleged adulterer) Family members

Children

Section 88 of LRA – Power for court to make order for custody

- (2) <u>In deciding</u> in whose <u>custody</u> a child should be placed the paramount consideration shall be the welfare of the child and subject to this <u>the court</u> shall have regard –
- (a) to the wishes of the parents of the child; and
- (b) to the wishes of the child, where he or she is of an age to express an independent opinion

Individuals – Listening

Active listening

- Sympathetic listening
- Without fault-finding
- Empathetic listening

Relational listening

Task-focus listening

Individual – Factors to consider

Age

Gender

Ethnicity

Individual – Factors to consider

- Concept of Marriage
- Gifts/ dowry given during marriage
- Roles of husband and wife

- Relationship between parents and children
- Role of extended family

- Changing Patterns of Marriage and Household Formation in Peninsular Malaysia
 - Sojourn: Journal of Social Issues in Southeast Asia Vol. 5, No. 2 (AUGUST 1990)
 - Tan Poo Chang and Gavin W. Jones,

 The Changing Spousal Differentials in Sociodemographic Characteristics in Malaysia -Institutions and Economies Vol. 13, No. 4, October 2021 - Nai Peng Tey

Individuals – individually

Caucus style

Freer to speak/ vent

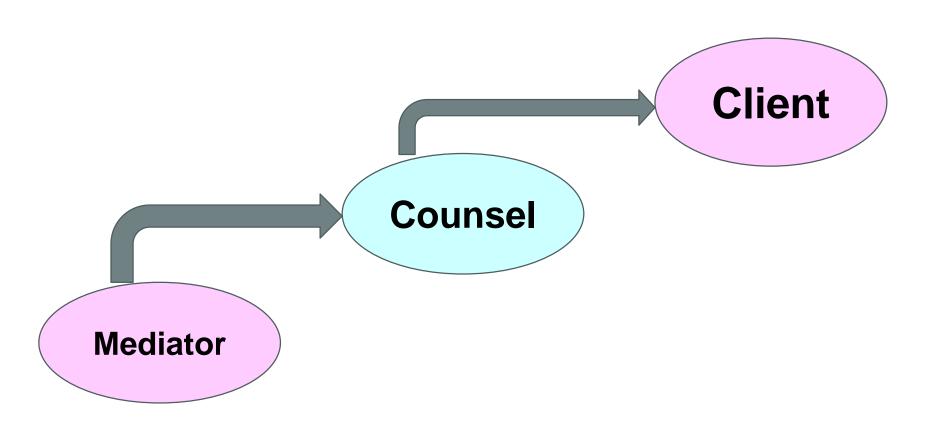
Avoid 'shouting matches'

Easier to lower expectations

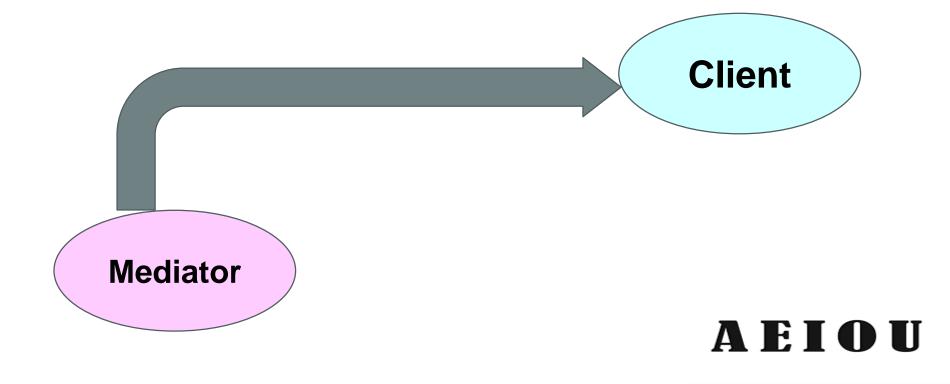
Individual – Lowering expectation

- Pruning
- Recalibrating
- Downsizing
- Tempering
- Re-anchoring
- Adjusting

Outcome - sell the solution



Outcome – sell the solution



Outcome – if mediation fails?

-BATNA

 Best Alternative To a Negotiated Agreement

-WATNA

 Worst Alternative To a Negotiated Agreement

-MLATNA

 Most likely Alternative To a Negotiated Agreement

Outcome – Push and pull factors

Time

Expense

Emotional toll

Outcome - the 3Rs

Reasonable

Realistic

Resilient

U - Up-come

 Whether the settlement/ resolution is something that the parties can move forward with Family cases has to be forward moving

Dealing with the loss

New phase

Therapeutic

AEIOU

A nuanced mediation

- The layers
- The added acrimony
- The multi-disciplines
- The loss
- The unrepresented
- The future

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